## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in this application.

Please amend the claims to read as set forth below.

- 1. (Currently Amended) Method for treatment of spent liquor at a pulp mill, especially for treatment of black liquor, in order to recover its contents of chemicals and energy, characterised in that wherein a spent liquor flow (10) arriving from the evaporation plant is taken to a pyrolysis reactor (1), wherein it is pyrolysed at a temperature of 300-800°C in the absence of an external gas component in order to separate evaporable compounds (12) from the coke (11) remaining in a solid state, whereupon the evaporable compounds (12) are recovered and the coke (11) is taken to a gasification reactor (3) for gasification, which gasification is implemented under such conditions that the sulphur compounds contained in the coke (11) and deriving from the cooking chemicals are reduced to sodium sulphide.
- 2. (Currently Amended) Method according to claim 1, characterised in that wherein only a part of the spent liquor flow (10) arriving from the evaporation plant is taken to the pyrolysis reactor (1), whereas a second part of the spent liquor flow (10) is taken to a soda recovery boiler (3) where it is burnt in order to recover its contents of chemicals and energy.
- 3. (Currently Amended) Method according to claim 1 or 2, **characterised** in that , wherein the evaporable compounds (12) separated from the spent liquor in the pyrolysis reactor (1) are used at the mill as fuel in part or entirely.
- 4. (Currently Amended) Method according to claim 1 or 2, **characterised** in that , wherein the evaporable compounds (12) separated from the spent liquor in the pyrolysis reactor (1) are processed further.
- 5. (Currently Amended) Method according to claim 1 or 2, characterised in that , wherein the product gases (14) resulting from the gasification are used at the mill as fuel in part or entirely.

- 6. (Currently Amended) Method for treatment of spent liquor at a pulp mill in which cooking is carried out with an organic solvent in order to recover its contents of chemicals and energy, characterised in that wherein the spent liquor flow (10) arriving from the evaporation plant is taken to a pyrolysis reactor (1), wherein it is pyrolysed at a temperature of 300-800°C in the absence of an external gas component in order to separate evaporable compounds (12) from the coke (11) remaining in a solid state, whereupon the evaporable compounds are recovered and used at the mill as process chemicals in part or entirely, and the coke is taken to a fluidised-bed boiler or some other combustion equipment (4) for burning in order to recover the energy content of the coke.
- 7. (Currently Amended) Method according to any one of claims 1-6, **characterised** in that <u>claim 1</u>, <u>wherein</u> the pyrolysis reactor (1) is for a batch process, whereby increasing of the temperature may begin from the temperature of the spent liquor arriving in the reactor, while the final temperature is chosen according to the desired final products.
- 8. (Currently Amended) Method according to any one of claims 1-6, characterised in that claim 1, wherein the pyrolysis reactor (1) is for a continuous process.
- 9. (Currently Amended) Method according to any one of claims 1-8, characterised in that claim 1, wherein the pyrolysis is carried out in such process conditions (temperature, pressure, residence time, heating speed, etc.), wherein the evaporable compounds (12) mainly consist of non-condensing gases.
- 10. (Currently Amended) Method according to any one of claims 1-8, characterised in that claim 1, wherein the pyrolysis is carried out in such process conditions (temperature, pressure, residence time, heating speed, etc.), wherein the evaporable compounds (12) mainly consist of pyrolysis oil.